

I - B.TECH EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER – 2010 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (BIO-TECHNOLOGY)

Time: 3hours

Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

1.a) b)	Define the following: i) Alternating Quantity ii) R.M.S Value iii) Average Value iv) Form factor. A coil having a resistance of 10 ohms and an inductance of 0.2H is connected in series with a $100 \times 10^{-6} F$ capacitor across a 230V, 50 Hz supply, Calculate: i) The active and reactive components of the current ii) The voltage across the coil, Draw the phasor diagram. [8+8]
2.	Explain with the help of suitable diagrams how rotating magnetic field is produced in a three phase induction motor. [16]
3.a) b)	Discuss the classification of electrical instruments. Explain the significance of controlling torque and damping torque relevant to the operation of indicating instruments. [8+8]
4.a)	In a bridge rectifier, the transformer is connected to 220V, 60Hz mains and the turns ratio of the step down transformer is 11:1. Load resistance is 800Ω . Assuming the diode is ideal, find: i) I_{dc} ii) Voltage across the load iii) PIV.
b)	Draw the circuit diagram of full wave rectifier having two diodes and explain its operation. [8+8]
5.a)	What are the bias compensation techniques? Explain the operation of one among them.
b)	Define FET parameters and derive the relationship between them. [8+8]
6.a) b)	Draw the circuit of a transformer coupled amplifier and explain its operations. Draw the circuit of a class B push-pull amplifier and derive expression for the output power. [8+8]
7.a) b)	Draw the internal diagram of OP-AMP. Explain the function of each block. What do you understand about the term "Virtual ground"? Give the circuit diagram for differentiate circuit using OP-AMP and prove that a triangular waveform with frequency 5 KHz is converted into rectangular waveform of the same frequency. [8+8]
8.a)	Explain how a shift register is used as a Ring counter. Draw the O/P waveform from each flip-flop of a 3-stage unit.
b)	Prove that if $w'x + yz = 0$, then $wx + y'(w' + z') = wx + xz + x'z' + w'y'z$
c)	Represent the given negative numbers in sign-magnitude, 1's and 2's complement representation in 12-bit format.

i) -64 ii) -512 [6+6+4]

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- Discuss the classification of electrical instruments. 1.a)
 - Explain the significance of controlling torque and damping torque relevant to the b) operation of indicating instruments. [8+8]
- In a bridge rectifier, the transformer is connected to 220V, 60Hz mains and the 2.a) turns ratio of the step down transformer is 11:1. Load resistance is 800Ω . Assuming the diode is ideal, find: iii) PIV.
 - i) I_{dc} ii) Voltage across the load
 - Draw the circuit diagram of full wave rectifier having two diodes and explain its b) operation. [8+8]
- What are the bias compensation techniques? Explain the operation of one among 3.a) them.
- Define FET parameters and derive the relationship between them. b) [8+8]
- 4.a) Draw the circuit of a transformer coupled amplifier and explain its operations.
- Draw the circuit of a class B push-pull amplifier and derive expression for the b) output power. [8+8]
- Draw the internal diagram of OP-AMP. Explain the function of each block. 5.a)
- What do you understand about the term "Virtual ground"? Give the circuit b) diagram for differentiate circuit using OP-AMP and prove that a triangular waveform with frequency 5 KHz is converted into rectangular waveform of the same frequency. [8+8]
- Explain how a shift register is used as a Ring counter. Draw the O/P waveform 6.a) from each flip-flop of a 3-stage unit.
 - Prove that if w'x + yz = 0, then wx + y'(w' + z') = wx + xz + x'z' + w'y'zb)
 - Represent the given negative numbers in sign-magnitude, 1's and 2's c) complement representation in 12-bit format. i) -64 ii) -512 [6+6+4]

7.a) Define the following:

- i) Alternating Quantity ii) R.M.S Value
- iii) Average Value iv) Form factor.
- A coil having a resistance of 10 ohms and an inductance of 0.2H is connected in b) series with a $100 \times 10^{-6} F$ capacitor across a 230V, 50 Hz supply, Calculate: i) The active and reactive components of the current
 - ii) The voltage across the coil, Draw the phasor diagram. [8+8]
- 8. Explain with the help of suitable diagrams how rotating magnetic field is produced in a three phase induction motor. [16]

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- 1.a) What are the bias compensation techniques? Explain the operation of one among them.
 - b) Define FET parameters and derive the relationship between them. [8+8]
- 2.a) Draw the circuit of a transformer coupled amplifier and explain its operations.
 - b) Draw the circuit of a class B push-pull amplifier and derive expression for the output power. [8+8]
- 3.a) Draw the internal diagram of OP-AMP. Explain the function of each block.
- b) What do you understand about the term "Virtual ground"? Give the circuit diagram for differentiate circuit using OP-AMP and prove that a triangular waveform with frequency 5 KHz is converted into rectangular waveform of the same frequency. [8+8]
- 4.a) Explain how a shift register is used as a Ring counter. Draw the O/P waveform from each flip-flop of a 3-stage unit.
 - b) Prove that if w'x + yz = 0, then wx + y'(w' + z') = wx + xz + x'z' + w'y'z
 - c) Represent the given negative numbers in sign-magnitude, 1's and 2's complement representation in 12-bit format.
 i) -64 ii) -512 [6+6+4]
- 5.a) Define the following:
 i) Alternating Quantity
 ii) Average Value
 iii) Form factor.
- b) A coil having a resistance of 10 ohms and an inductance of 0.2H is connected in series with a 100×10⁻⁶ F capacitor across a 230V, 50 Hz supply, Calculate:
 i) The active and reactive components of the current
 ii) The voltage across the coil, Draw the phasor diagram. [8+8]
- 6. Explain with the help of suitable diagrams how rotating magnetic field is produced in a three phase induction motor. [16]
- 7.a) Discuss the classification of electrical instruments.
- b) Explain the significance of controlling torque and damping torque relevant to the operation of indicating instruments. [8+8]
- 8.a) In a bridge rectifier, the transformer is connected to 220V, 60Hz mains and the turns ratio of the step down transformer is 11:1. Load resistance is 800Ω . Assuming the diode is ideal, find:
 - i) I_{dc}
 ii) Voltage across the load
 iii) PIV.
 b) Draw the circuit diagram of full wave rectifier having two diodes and explain its operation.

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SET-4

I - B.TECH EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER – 2010 **BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING** (BIO-TECHNOLOGY)

Time: 3hours

Max.Marks:80

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks - - -

- 1.a) Draw the internal diagram of OP-AMP. Explain the function of each block.
 - What do you understand about the term "Virtual ground"? Give the circuit b) diagram for differentiate circuit using OP-AMP and prove that a triangular waveform with frequency 5 KHz is converted into rectangular waveform of the same frequency. [8+8]
- Explain how a shift register is used as a Ring counter. Draw the O/P waveform 2.a) from each flip-flop of a 3-stage unit.
 - Prove that if w'x + yz = 0, then wx + y'(w' + z') = wx + xz + x'z' + w'y'zb)
 - c) Represent the given negative numbers in sign-magnitude, 1's and 2's complement representation in 12-bit format. i) -64 ii) -512 [6+6+4]

- Define the following: 3.a)
 - ii) R.M.S Value i) Alternating Quantity
 - iii) Average Value iv) Form factor.
- A coil having a resistance of 10 ohms and an inductance of 0.2H is connected in b) series with a $100 \times 10^{-6} F$ capacitor across a 230V, 50 Hz supply, Calculate: i) The active and reactive components of the current ii) The voltage across the coil, Draw the phasor diagram. [8+8]
- Explain with the help of suitable diagrams how rotating magnetic field is 4. produced in a three phase induction motor. [16]
- Discuss the classification of electrical instruments. 5.a)
- Explain the significance of controlling torque and damping torque relevant to the b) operation of indicating instruments. [8+8]
- In a bridge rectifier, the transformer is connected to 220V, 60Hz mains and the 6.a) turns ratio of the step down transformer is 11:1. Load resistance is 800Ω . Assuming the diode is ideal, find:

ii) Voltage across the load i) I_{dc} iii) PIV.

- Draw the circuit diagram of full wave rectifier having two diodes and explain its b) operation. [8+8]
- 7.a) What are the bias compensation techniques? Explain the operation of one among them.
 - Define FET parameters and derive the relationship between them. [8+8]b)
- 8.a) Draw the circuit of a transformer coupled amplifier and explain its operations.
- Draw the circuit of a class B push-pull amplifier and derive expression for the b) output power. [8+8]

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